

Air Pressures for Pneumatic Controllers and Transmission Systems

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Air Pressures for Pneumatic Controllers and Transmission Systems

1. Scope and Purpose

- 1.1 This standard applies to:
- (a) *Pneumatic controllers*
 - (b) *Pneumatic intelligence transmission systems*
- 1.2 The purpose of this standard is to establish:
- (a) Standard operating pressure ranges for *pneumatic intelligence transmission systems*.
 - (b) Standard air *supply pressures* (with limit values) for operation of *pneumatic controllers* and *pneumatic intelligence transmission systems*.

NOTE: For *pneumatic controllers*, the standards for air supply pressures apply directly. On the other hand, while it is common practice to refer to a particular controller as—say—a 3 to 15 lb. device, output air pressure may vary from zero to *supply pressure*, with the effective *operating pressure range* depending on the mechanism positioning the final control element. The range of operation will be whatever is required for control action, limited by the *supply pressure*. On this basis, it appears technically difficult to apply the definition of *standard operating pressure range* to *pneumatic controllers*.

EXAMPLE: Assume a *pneumatic controller* with an associated air-to-close diaphragm actuator operating a single seated valve directly without a pneumatic positioning relay. At maximum pressure drop across the valve, the valve might be wide open at 6 psi and closed at 16 psi; at minimum pressure drop across the valve, the valve might be open at 3 psi and closed at 11 psi. A controller designed for and operating with a *supply pressure* of between 18 and 20 psi would be suitable for this application; its *operating pressure range* is as required, limited by the *supply pressure* for which it is designed and at which it is operated.

2. Definitions

- 2.1 The following definitions give the meaning of the terms as used in this standard. Defined terms are italicized throughout this standard.
- 2.2 **Pneumatic Controller.** A *pneumatic con-*

troller is a device which measures the value of a variable quantity or condition and operates to correct or limit deviation of this measured value from a selected reference by pneumatic means.

2.3 **Pneumatic Intelligence Transmission System.** A *pneumatic intelligence transmission system* is a system for conveying information comprising (1) a transmitting mechanism converting input information into a corresponding air pressure, (2) connecting tubing and (3) a receiving element responsive to air pressure to develop an output directly corresponding to the input information.

EXAMPLE: A flow measurement is converted into an air pressure at the point of measurement and transmitted by pneumatic means to a remote recorder.

2.4 **Operating Pressure Range.** The *operating pressure range* consists of stated high and low values of pneumatic pressure for full range operation of *pneumatic intelligence transmission systems*.

2.5 **Operating Pressure Span.** The *operating pressure span* is the difference between the stated high and low pneumatic pressure values of an *operating pressure range*.

2.6 **Supply Pressure.** *Supply pressure* is the pressure of air supplied to the pneumatically-operated devices to which this standard applies.

3. Operating Pressure Ranges

3.1 This standard establishes two *operating pressure ranges*. These ranges have spans of 12 psi and 24 psi.

3.1.1 **12 psi Span.** The *operating pressure range* for the 12 psi *operating pressure span* shall be 3 psi to 15 psi for *pneumatic intelligence transmission systems*.

3.1.2 24 psi Span. The *operating pressure range* for the 24 psi *operating pressure span* shall be 3 psi to 27 psi for *pneumatic intelligence transmission systems*.

4. Supply Pressures

4.1 This standard establishes two *supply pressures*.

4.1.1 12 psi Span. The *supply pressure* for the 12 psi span (3 psi to 15 psi *operating pressure range*) shall be not less than 18 psi nor greater than 20 psi.

4.1.2 24 psi Span. The *supply pressure* for the 24 psi span (3 psi to 27 psi *operating pressure range*) shall be not less than 30 psi nor greater than 35 psi.